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NA TOTAL DUST

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, GHS & EU Standards

SDS Revision: 3.2

SDS Revision Date: 10/21/2024

Prepa	ared to OSHA, ACC,	ANSI, NOHSC, W	'HMIS, GHS & E	U Standards			SDS	Revisi	on: 3.2		SDS	Revisi	on Date	e: 10/21/2024
		1.	PRODUC	T & COM	PANY	IDE	NTIF	FICA	TION	N				
1.1	Product Name:	1	ET® IRON											
1.2	Chemical Name:	Iron Base A	lloy											
1.3	Synonyms:	Iron Base To	ool and Die Elec	trodes										
1.4	Trade Names:	4130, 4130L	N, 4135, 4140,	4340, F15, F25	, F35, F4	0, F45,	F450	1, F54,	F58, F	580, I	F581, I	-68, F	59, F63	, F64, F65
1.5	Product Use:	Welding Ele	ctrodes											
1.6	Distributor's Name:	Cor-Met [®] , In	Cor-Met [®] , Inc.											
1.7	Distributor's Address:	12500 Gran	12500 Grand River Road, Brighton, MI 48116											
1.8	Emergency Phone:	-	COR-MET: +1 (800) 848-2719											
1.9	Business Phone / Fax:) 227-3251 // Fa		-9266									
			2 LI	AZADDE I	DENT	IEIC	Λ TΙ <i>(</i>) N						
0.4	1111			AZARDS I										
2.1	Hazard Identification:		t is classified							ANGE	ROUS	GOO	DDS ac	ccording to the
			n criteria of NOH							/I I I I I I I	CC) TI	IDOU	CH DD	OLONGED OR
			MAY CAUSE C EXPOSURE. (
			<u>n</u> : Carc. 1A; ST(N. IVIA	I CAU	JE KE	SPIK	AION	IIKKII	ATION.
2.2	Label Elements:		ements (H): H3					IISAS S	erious	eve in	itation	H33	5	
			e respiratory irrit											
		repeated ex						,	90/		. р. с.с.	.90		
			ry Statements (F	P): P203 – Obt	ain, read	and fol	low ins	structio	ns befo	ore us	e. P26	60 – D	0	•
		not breathe	dust/fume. P26	s4 – Wash han	ds and e	xposed	l skin a	areas v	with so	ap an	d warn	n wate	er	
		0 ,	after handling. I		,				_					
			outdoors or in											
			protection/face											
			mfortable for bre											
			ninutes. Remove											•
			concerned, ge											
			 If eye irritatior and container to 								001 – L	Jispos	е	
2.3	Other Warnings:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						ha 1440	ldina i	25222	alaatriaa
	g		Electric shock sustain a weldi											
			energy into a localized, concentrated heat source. The tremendously high temperatures of the arc cause the welding continuous wire and rod electrode (or filler metal, when used as such) to decompose. Electric arc working may create											
			one or more health hazards. Hot metal spatter and heat from electric arcs, welding flames or the thermal spray process											
			may cause burns to the hands and body or may cause fire if it comes into contact with combustible materials. UV, IR and											
			light radiation from an electric arc may cause damage to unprotected eyes. Wear suitable protective equipment. Fumes											
			enerated during											
			aring. See also											lied Processes
			y the American V											
			RNING! This pro											
			<u>adium</u> , which a				aliforni	a to c	ause o	cance	r or re	eprodu	ictive h	arm. For more
		infor	mation, go to w	ww.P65Warning	gs.ca.gov	•								
		3. C	OMPOSIT	ION & INC	REDI	ENT	INF	ORN					. 3.	
						AC	GIH		NOHSC	SURE L	IMITS IN	OSHA		
							om		ppm			ppm	-	1
								ES-	ES-	ES-		- FP		1
CHEMIC	CAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	TWA		PEAK	PEL	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
RON		7439-89-6	NO4565500	231-096-4	50-60	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	0.5 - NIOSH
		1317-65-3	EV9580000	215-279-6	3-13	(10)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(5)	NA	NA	
IMES	TONE		1 - 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1210-219-0	10-10	(10)	147	141	141	1.41	(0)	11/7	14/7	1
CALC	UM FLUORIDE	7789-75-5	EW1760000	232-188-7	1-13	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
J/ (LUI	O.M. I EUOINIDE	Skin Irrit. 2; Eye	e Irrit. 2; STOT SE	3; H315, H319										

XR2275000

GB4200000

NA

13463-67-7

1312-76-1

1344-09-8

Carc. 2; H351 7440-47-3

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

POTASSIUM SILICATE

SODIUM SILICATE

CHROMIUM#

236-675-5

231-157-5

215-199-1

Met. Corr. 1; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; STOT SE 3; H290, H314, H318, H335

0-13

0.5-9

1-5

 Met. Corr. 1; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; STOT SE 3; H290, H314, H318, H335

 1344-09-8
 NA
 215-687-4
 0.5-5
 NA
 NA
 NF
 NF
 NA
 NA

(10) NA (10) NF NF (15) NA

NF

NF (1.0)

NA

NF

NA

NA

25

NA

NA

(0.5) NA (0.5) NF

NA NA NF



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					EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/m³)								
					ACGIH		NOHSC		;	OSHA			
					pp	m		ppm			ppm		
CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	ES- TWA	ES- STEL	ES- PEAK	PEL	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
COBALT	7440-48-4	GF8750000	231-158-0	0-3	(0.02)	NA	(0.05)	NA	NA	(0.01)	NA	NA	DUST
COBALT	Skin Sens. 1, R	tesp. Sens. 1, Aqu	atic Chronic 4; H	317, H334,	H413								
FELDSPAR	68476-25-5	NA	270-666-7	0-3	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
FELDSPAR	Eye Irrit. 2; STO	OT SE 3; H319, H3	335										
HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE	9004-62-0	FJ5958000	NA	0-3	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
HTDROXTETHTL CELLULOSE	Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3; H315, H319, H335												
NICKEL	7440-02-0	QR5950000	231-111-4	0-3	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(5.0)	NA	NA	
NICKEL	Carc. 2; STOT RE 1; Skin Sens. 1; Aquatic Chronic 3; H351, H372**, H317, H412												
POTASSIUM TITANATE	12030-97-6	NA	234-748-6	0-3	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
POTASSIUM TITANATE													
OLIABET	14808-60-7	VV7330000	238-878-4	0-3	(0.025)	NA	(0.1)	NF	NF	(0.1)	NA	(50)	
QUARTZ	STOT RE 1; H373												
MOLVEDENIUM	7439-98-7	QA4680000	231-107-2	0-2	(10.0)	NA	(10.0)	NF	NF	(15.0)	NA	(5000)	
MOLYBDENUM													
TUNGSTEN	7440-33-7	YO7175000	231-143-9	0-2	5	10	5	10	NF	5	10	NA	
TUNGSTEN	Flam. Sol. 1; Se	elf-heat.2; H228, F	1252										
	1314-62-1	YW2460000	215-239-8	0.1	NA	NA	(0.05)	NF	NF	NA	NA	35	
VANADIUM	Muta. 2; Repr. 2 H411	2; STOT RE 1; Ac	ute Tox. 4 *; Acu	te Tox. 4 *;	STOT S	E 3; C	hronic A	.q. 2; H	341, H3	361d ***	, H372	**, H332	H302, H335,

The exposure limit for welding fume has been established at 5 mg/m3 with OSHA's PEL and ACGIH's TLV. The individual complex compounds within the fume may have lower exposure limits than the general welding fume PEL/TLV. An Industrial Hygienist, the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits For Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), and the ACGIH Threshold Limit Values should be consulted to determine the specific fume constituents present and their respective exposure limits.

			4. FIRST AID MEASURES
4.1	First Aid:	Eyes:	Flush eyes thoroughly with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelid(s) open to ensure complete flushing. If irritation persists, seek immediate medical attention.
		<u>Skin</u> :	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. If irritation persists, seek prompt medical attention. Do not wear contaminated clothing until after it has been properly cleaned.
		Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air at once. If breathing is difficult, administer supplemental oxygen and seek immediate medical attention. If breathing stops, perform artificial respiration.
		Ingestion:	Ingestion is unlikely; however, particulates from grinding or cutting may be ingested. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Contact ChemTrec at +1 (703) 527-3887 or the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency telephone number for assistance and instructions. Seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration.
4.2	Effects of Exposure:	Ingestion:	Gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and/or vomiting.
		Eyes:	Mild to moderate irritant.
		Skin:	Redness, irritation, rash at site of exposure. Chromium dust on skin can form ulcers.
		Inhalation:	Inhalation of chromium and chromates, in fumes, can cause a metallic taste, tightness in the chest, nausea, fever, fatigue and allergic reaction. Fumes may cause irritation to nasal membranes, bronchial
			tubes and lungs.
4.3	Symptoms of Overexposure:	Ingestion:	Intestinal discomfort, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.
		Eyes:	Mild irritation, redness, and watering.
		Skin:	Contact dermatitis, characterized by localized red or puffy dry skin and itching.
		Inhalation:	Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, metal fume fever, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain.
4.4	Acute Health Effects:	Ingestion:	Gastrointestinal irritation and central nervous system depression.
		Eyes:	Mild to moderate irritant.
		Skin:	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localized redness or rash).
		<u>Inhalation</u> :	Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, metal fume fever, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain. Overexposure to metals oxide may cause metal fume fever characterized by metallic taste, tightness of
			chest and fever. Symptoms may last 24-48 hours following overexposure.
4.5	Chronic Health Effects:	Ingestion:	Ingestion or inhalation of fluorides may cause serious bone erosion (osteoporosis) and mottling of teeth.
		Eyes:	None reported by the manufacturer.
		Skin:	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localized redness or rash).
		<u>Inhalation</u> :	Long term exposure to welding and allied processes gases, dusts and fumes may contribute to pulmonary irritation or pneumoconiosis or "siderosis." Inhalation of fume with chromium (VI) compounds can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, lung damage and asthma-like symptoms. Long-term overexposure to
			manganese compounds may affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may be similar to Parkinson's Disease and can include slowness, changes in handwriting, gait impairment, muscle spasms and cramps

and less commonly, tremor and behavioral changes. Employees who are overexposed to manganese

compounds should be seen by a physician for early detection of neurologic problems.



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		4. FIRST A	AID MI	EASU	RES -	cont'	d					
4.6	Target Organs:	Eyes, Skin & Respiratory System.										
4.7	Medical Conditions	Individuals with allergies or impa		iratory fu	ınction ma	ay have	HEALT	Н				1
	Aggravated by Exposure: Aggravated by Exposure: symptoms worsened by exposure to welding fumes; however, such reaction cannot be predicted due to the variation in the composition and in the quantity of the decomposition products. HEALTH FLAMMABILITY PHYSICAL HAZARDS								O			
					n the com	position						_
		and in the quantity of the decomp	osition pr	oducts.								0
							PROTE	CTIVE E	EQUIPN	IENT		E
							EYES	SKIN	I	LUNGS		
		5. FIREI	IGHT	ING N	1EASU	RES						
5.1	Fire & Explosion Hazards:	This product is not flammable.									_	
5.2	Extinguishing Methods:	Water, CO ₂ , Halon or Dry Chemical										
5.3	Firefighting Procedures:	Fight fires as for surrounding materials. Firefighters should wear a MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep containers cool until well after the fire is out. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural waterway.										
		6 ACCIDENT	TAL D		CE ME		DEC					
6.1	Spills:	6. ACCIDENT Spilled product may produce a s						-1- : :		- 201 2		
		appropriate Personal Protective respirator. Carefully vacuum or s local, state, provincial and federa thoroughly before reuse.	Equipme weep up	ent inclu the spille	ding glov d powder,	es, glas particula	ses and late or slag.	NIOSH a Dispose	approved e of prop	l (or eo erly in a	quivalent) ccordance	du: e wit
		7. HANDLING	& STO	DRAG	E INFO	ORMA	TION					
7.1	Work & Hygiene Practices:	7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORMATION Avoid contact to eyes, skin, and mucous membranes. Avoid inhalation of vapors, gases, fumes and dusts. Wash thoroughly after handling and use. Do not smoke, eat, drink, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics within the working										
		thoroughly after handling and use	. Do not s	moke, e	at, drink, c	hew gun	n or tobacc	o, or app	ly cosme	etics wit	hin the wo	orkir
		area. Do not store or bring tobac			, food, drir	nks or co	smetics w	ithin the	working	area. O	therwise f	follo
7.0	0. 0.11 11:	the standards of good industrial hygiene practices.										
7.2	Storage & Handling:	No unusual methods are required. Keep product contained and retain all warning and identity labels. Preferred storage is a sheltered warm area with temperature and humidity control to prevent high humidity and "going through the dew point." Static charge may occur during powder transfer. Keep away from incompatible materials listed in Section 10. Open containers slowly on a stable surface. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.										
7.3	Special Precautions:	Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on this product. See American National Standard Z-49.1, "Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes," published by the American Welding Society, P. O. Box 351040, Miami, FL 33135 and OSHA Publication 2206 (29 C.F.R. 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954 for additional details regarding fire and explosion control, exposure control and other special precautions.										
	T =	8. EXPOSURE CONT	1		KOUN		KUIEU	HOIN			T	
.1	Exposure Limits: ppm (mg/m³)		AC	Hاخ		NOHSC ES-	ES-	 	OSHA		OTHER	
	PPIII (IIIg/III)	CHEMICAL NAME(S)	TLV	STEL	ES-TWA	STEL	PEAK	PEL	STEL	IDLH	<u> </u>	
		IRON	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	0.5 - NIO	SH
		LIMESTONE	(10)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(5)	NA	NA		
		TITANIUM DIOXIDE	(10)	NA	(10)	NF	NF	(15)	NA	NA	TOTAL D)US
		CHROMIUM #	(0.5)	NA	(0.5)	NF	NF	(1.0)	NA	25	+	
		COBALT	(0.02)	NA	(0.05)	NA	NA	(0.01)	NA	NA	DUST	
		NICKEL	(5.0)	NA	NF (0.4)	NF	NF	(5.0)	NA	NA (50)	1	
		QUARTZ MOLYBDENUM	(0.025)	NA NA	(0.1)	NF NF	NF NE	(0.1)	NA NA	(50)	1	
		TUNGSTEN	(10.0)	NA 10	(10.0) 5	10	NF NF	(15.0) 5	NA 10	(5000) NA		
		VANADIUM	NA	NA	(0.05)	NF	NF	NA	NA	35	1	
3.2	Ventilation & Engineering	Use industrial hygiene monitoring					•	•			lues lico	- \v/i
_	Controls:	adequate ventilation (e.g., open equipment is available (e.g., sink large quantities of product and pro	doors an , safety s	d window hower, e	ws, local e ye-wash s	exhaust station).	ventilation) Use in a). Ensur chemical	e approp	oriate d	econtamin	natio



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		EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION – cont'd	
8.3	Respiratory Protection:	CAUTION: Welding or cutting may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. Use adequate ventilation. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. See ANSI Z49.1-1967 Safety in Welding and Cutting published by the American Welding Society. Keep the exposure within legal limits. In the worker's breathing zone and the general area, the fumes and gases must be kept below the TLVs and the equivalent exposure must compute to less than one. Keep exposure as low as possible. Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when welding in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below the TLV. Where respiratory protection is necessary, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be used. The selection of the appropriate respiratory protection (dust respirator, etc.) should be based on the actual or potential airborne contaminants and their concentrations present.	
8.4	Eye Protection:	Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens according to ANSI Z87.1. Provide protective screens and flash goggles, if necessary, to shield others. Wear safety glasses with UV protective side shields or goggles. Wear contact lenses in combination with safety eyewear, except where the contact lenses create a likelihood of injury from intense heat, highly particulate atmosphere, or where their use is prohibited.	
8.5	Hand Protection:	Wear head, hand and body protection that help to prevent injury from hot metal, sparks, slag, infrared radiation, UV radiation, abrasions, contusions and heat stress. Protective clothing will not generally prevent shock except for leather if kept dry. Gloves made of leather with inside seams (or those that give equal performance) are preferred.	
8.6	Body Protection:	Wear head, hand and body protection that help to prevent injury from radiation, sparks and electrical shock. Wear flame resistant ear plugs to keep sparks out of ears. See ANSI Z-49.1. The clothing may include heat/fire resistant gloves, overalls, aprons, sleeves, footwear, welder's spats and head cover. Wear garments made of leather, heavyweight tightly woven wool or cotton. Keep clothing clean (free of oil, grease or solvents) and in good repair. Do not wear clothing with frayed edges, tears or holes. Do not roll up sleeves or trousers (pants should not be cuffed).	
		9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	
9.1	Appearance:	Solid wire, silver-grey color	
9.2	Odor:	Odorless	
9.3	Odor Threshold:	NA	
	pH:	NA NA	
9.5	Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA NA	
9.5	Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:	NA NA	
9.5 9.6	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling		
9.5 9.6 9.7	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability	NA NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint:	NA NA NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits:	NA NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure:	NA NA NA NA NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density:	NA NA NA NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density:	NA NA NA NA NA 7.2 – 7.8 g/cm³	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility:	NA NA NA NA NA NA 7.2 – 7.8 g/cm³ NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow):	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 7.2 – 7.8 g/cm³ NA NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity:	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 7.2 – 7.8 g/cm ³ NA NA NA NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature:	NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity:	NA N	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity:	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 7.2 – 7.8 g/cm³ NA	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16 9.17	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity: Other Information:	NA N	
9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16 9.17	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity: Other Information: Stability: Hazardous Decomposition	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 7.2 – 7.8 g/cm³ NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA STABILITY & REACTIVITY Stable under normal conditions of use (see Section 7).	
9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16 9.17 10.1 10.2	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity: Other Information: Stability: Hazardous Decomposition Products:	NA N	



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		44 TOVICOLOGICAL INFORMATION								
11 1	Poutes of Entry:									
11.1	Routes of Entry: Toxicity Data:	Inhalation: YES Absorption: YES Ingestion: NO Toxicity information for particulates (fumes) generated from constituents of this product during welding is provided in this section. This SDS does not provide toxicity information for welding fumes and gases that may originate from sources other than this product (for example from base metal, coatings on base metal, fluxes, and other hazardous substances present in welding area). General Nuisance Dusts: Many of the metal oxides generated as components of welding fume, are considered nuisance dusts (such as oxides of titanium), which are essentially nontoxic and chemically nonirritating. Skin contact has shown no problems other than possible drying and mechanical irritation. Eye contact can produce particulate irritation. Excessive inhalation can produce mild pulmonary irritation and possible non-disabling slight fibrosis of the lungs. Chromium & Chromium Compounds: Where chromium is present in the welding consumable, Chromium III and Chromium VI (hexavalent chromium) may be generated during welding. Short term overexposure to chromium VI can cause irritation of the respiratory system, lung damage and asthma type symptoms. Workers exposed to hexavalent chromium compounds have an excess of lung cancer, and these compounds are required to be listed as carcinogens by OSHA. Absorption through the skin can cause organ system damage, primarily affecting the kidneys and liver. (#) Chromium and its compounds are listed in the current annual report on carcinogens (prepared by the National Toxicology Program). Their presence in this alloy is not believed to present a carcinogenic or any other health hazard								
		due to their relatively low concentration and chemical form. Iron & Iron Compounds: Overexposure to fumes of iron may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Long term overexposure may result in a benign condition of the lung, called "arc welders lung," or "siderosis," characterized by iron deposits in the lung, or "pigmentation," that is detectible by x-ray, but which generally does not interfere with lung function, and does not progress to permanent scarring (fibrosis) of the lung. Pigmentation of the lungs will clear in time after exposure ceases.								
11.3	Acute Toxicity:	See Section 4.4								
11.4 11.5	Chronic Toxicity: Suspected Carcinogen:	See Section 4.5								
		Nickel is listed as IARC Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans); NTP15 Group 1 (Known human carcinogen); CA65 (cancer). Titanium Dioxide is listed as IARC Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans). Chromium in the form of "hexavalent chromium," is considered a human carcinogen, and thus a mutagen as well. While this product does not contain hexavalent chromium, it is well known that the chromium in this product is converted to various chemical forms during the welding process, including hexavalent chromium. Therefore, use of this product in normal welding operations must be considered to represent a cancer hazard. Other constituents of this product are not considered carcinogens or mutagens. Quartz is listed as IARC Group 1 (Carcinogenic to humans). Vanadium is listed as IARC Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans). WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexavalent Chromium, Nickel, Cobalt and Vanadium, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. WARNING! This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexavalent Chromium, Nickel, Cobalt and Vanadium, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.								
11.6	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to produce reproductive toxicity in humans.								
	Mutagenicity:	<u>Chromium</u> in the form of "hexavalent chromium," is believed to produce mutagenic effects in humans.								
	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.								
	Teratogenicity:	This product is not reported to produce teratogenic effects in humans.								
44.7	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to produce reproductive toxicity in humans.								
11.7	Irritancy of Product: Biological Exposure Indices:	See Section 4.2 Consult Occupational Physician for the availability and appropriateness of biological exposure indices (e.g., blood tests, urine tests, etc.).								
11.9	Physician Recommendations:	Treat symptomatically.								
		12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION								
12.1	Environmental Stability:	There are no specific data available for this product.								
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals:	There are no specific data available for this product.								
12.3	Effects on Aquatic Life:	There are no specific data available for this product.								
		13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS								
13.1	Waste Disposal:	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial or local regulations.								
13.2	Special Considerations:	NA .								



15.8

Other Requirements:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Prepared to OSHA ACC ANSI NOHSC WHMIS GHS & FU Standards

www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including <u>Hexavalent Chromium</u>, <u>Nickel</u>, <u>Cobalt</u> and <u>Vanadium</u>, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. For more

SDS Revision Date: 10/21/2024

Prepa	ared to OSHA, ACC, ANS	SI, NOHSC, WHMIS, GHS &	& EU Standards	SDS Revision: 3.2	SDS Revision D	Date: 10/21/2024		
		14. TR/	ANSPORTATION INF	FORMATION				
The	basic description (ID Num	nber, proper shipping name	, hazard class & division, packin	g group) is shown for each	n mode of transpor	tation. Additional		
			/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR.					
14.1	49 CFR (GND):	NOT REGULATED						
14.2	IATA (AIR):	NOT REGULATED						
14.3	IMDG (OCN):	NOT REGULATED						
14.4	TDGR (Canadian GND):	NOT REGULATED						
14.5	ADR/RID (EU):	NOT REGULATED						
14.6	SCT (MEXICO):	NOT REGULATED						
14.7	ADGR (AUS):	NOT REGULATED						
		15. R	REGULATORY INFO	RMATION				
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements:	The following chemicals a	re listed on the SARA Title III (E	EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemica	al List): <u>Chromium,</u>	Cobalt, Nickel.		
15.2	SARA TPQ:	There are no specific Thre	eshold Planning Quantities for th	ne components of this prod	uct.			
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status:	All chemical substances of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory or are otherwise exempt from inventory status.						
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity:	<u>Chromium</u> : 2,270 kg (5,000 lbs); <u>Nickel</u> : 45.4 kg (100 lbs)						
15.5	Other Federal Requirements:	Pollutants (HAPs). Chron	unds), <u>Cobalt</u> (and its compoun <u>nium</u> (and its compounds), <u>Coba</u> under the Clean Water Act (CW A). This product does not conta	alt (and its compounds) and A). Chromium and Nickel	d <u>Nickel</u> (and its co are listed as Priori	ompounds) are		
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations:	This product has been class SDS contains all of the in	assified according to the hazard formation required by the CPR re listed on the Ingredient Discl	d criteria of the Controlled . The components of this	Products Regulati product are listed	on the DSL/NDSL.		
15.7	State Regulatory Information:	Substances List (MA), Mi Right-to-Know List (NJ), Washington Permissible E PA. <u>Vanadium</u> is found o state criteria lists: MA, MN <u>Quartz</u> is found on the foll	e following state criteria lists: chigan Critical Substances List New York Hazardous Substances List (WA). <u>Titanium</u> n the following state criteria lists J, PA and WA. owing state criteria lists: FL, MA is product, present in a concent	(MI), Minnesota Hazardou ances List (NY), Pennsyl <u>Dioxide</u> is found on the foll s: FL, MA, NJ, PA and WA A, MN, NJ, PA and WA.	is Substances List vania Right-to-Kn lowing state criteri <u>Limestone</u> is fou	(MN), New Jersey ow List (PA), and a lists: MA, NJ, and and on the following		
		criteria lists: California P List (FL), Massachusetts Substances List (MN), No Right-to-Know List (PA), No WARNING: This product	roposition 65 (CA65), Delawar Hazardous Substances List (MA ew Jersey Right-to-Know List (I Washington Permissible Exposu can expose you to chemicals i State of California to cause	e Air Quality Management A), Michigan Critical Substa NJ), New York Hazardous res List (WA), Wisconsin F including Hexavalent Chro	t List (DE), Florida ances List (MI), Mi Substances List lazardous Substar mium, Nickel, Col	a Toxic Substances nnesota Hazardous (NY), Pennsylvania nces List (WI). palt and Vanadium,		



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		16. OTHER INFORMATION
16.1	Other Information:	DANGER! MAY CAUSE CANCER. MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ORGANS (LUNGS) THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION. Obtain, read and follow instructions before use. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm water thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice. Get medical help if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical help. Store locked up. NOTE: Local ventilation should be used during handling and use. Good housekeeping and personal hygiene are recommended. Some individuals may show sensitivity to exposure. Failure to observe proper practices may be hazardous to health. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Harmful by inhalation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. Avoid overexposure to metal fumes, powders and particulates. WARNING: Electric shock from welding equipment or electrodes may be fatal. The welding process uses electrical circuits that sustain a welding arc between the electrode and the base plate. The welding process uses electrical energy into a localized, concentrated heat source. The tremendously high temperatures of the arc cause the welding continuous wire and rod electrode (or filler metal, when used as such) to decompose. Electric arc working may create one or more health hazards. Hot metal spatter and heat from electric arcs, welding flames or the thermal spray process may cause burns to the hands and bo
		Vanadium, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
16.2	Terms & Definitions:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.
16.3	Disclaimer:	This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Cor-Met's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness is not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.
16.4	Prepared by:	Cor-Met, Inc. 12500 Grand River Road Brighton, MI 48116 USA Tel: +1 (810) 227-3251 Fax: +1 (810) 227-9266 http://www.cor-met.com/ E-mail: sales@cor-met.com ShipMate, Inc.
		P.O. Box 787 Sisters, Oregon 97759-0787 USA Tel: +1 (310) 370-3600 Fax: +1 (310) 370-5700 http://www.shipmate.com



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DEFINITION OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

GENERAL INFORMATION:

CAS No.	Chemical Abstract Service Number				
RTECS No. Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances Number					
EINECS No.	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances Number				

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:

ACGIH	American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists		
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health		
NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (Australia)			
OSHA U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration			
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit		
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit		
TLV	Threshold Limit Value		
TWA	Time Weighted Average		

FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has
	stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood
	and provide oxygen to the body.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: HMIS

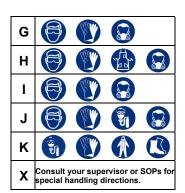
HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard
1	Slight Hazard
2	Moderate Hazard
3	Severe Hazard
4	Extreme Hazard



PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:

Α			
В			
С	The second second	THE STATE OF THE S	
D		THE SECOND SECON	
Е			
F	(A)	H.	





OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

Carc	Carcinogenic
Irrit	Irritant
NA	Not Available
NR	No Results
ND	Not Determined
NE	Not Established
NF	Not Found
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
Sens	Sensitization
STOT RE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeat Exposure
STOT SE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:				
Autoignition Temperature Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other so				
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source			
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source			

HAZARD RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard	FLAMMABILITY
1	Slight Hazard	\
2	Moderate Hazard	REACTIVITY
3	Severe Hazard	
4	Extreme Hazard	
ACD	Acidic	
ALK	Alkaline	
COR	Corrosive	─ / ▼ ₩
W	Use No Water	HEALTH 🔪
ОХ	Oxidizer	SPECIAL
TREFOIL	Radioactive	PRECAUTIONS

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals
LC ₅₀	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animal
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts
TD _{Io}	Lowest dose to cause a symptom
TCLo	Lowest concentration to cause a symptom
TD _{io} , LD _{io} , & LD _o or	Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects
TC, TCo, LCio, & LCo	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
TLm	Median threshold limit
log Kow or log Koc	Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System			
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation			
TC	Transport Canada			
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
DSL	Canadian Domestic Substance List			
NDSL	NDSL Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List			
PSL	PSL Canadian Priority Substances List			
TSCA	TSCA U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act			
EU	European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)			
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)			

CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:

			\Diamond			①		*
GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Health Hazard	Environment