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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, GHS & EU Standards

Prep	ared to OSHA, ACC, A	ANSI, NOHSC, W	HMIS, GHS & E	U Standards			SDS	Revisio	n: 3.2	SDS R	evisio	on Date	: 10/21/2024
		1.	PRODUC	T & COM	IPANY	IDE	NTIF	FICAT	TION				
1.1	Product Name:	COR-ME	ET HIGH N	ICKEL S	TAINL	ESS	WIF	RE					
1.2	Chemical Name:	Stainless Ste	eel										
1.3	Synonyms:	FC-G, FC-0,	FC-S, MC-G										
1.4	Trade Names:		0, 904L, 904LA	P									
1.5	Product Use:	Welding Wire	e										
1.6	Distributor's Name:	Cor-Met®, Ir	nc.										
1.7	Distributor's Address:	12500 Grand	d River Road, Bi	righton, MI 48°	116								
1.8	Emergency Phone:	COR-MET	Γ: +1 (8 <mark>00</mark>) 8	48-2719									
1.9	Business Phone / Fax:	Tel: +1 (810) 227-3251 // Fa	x: +1 (810) 22	7-9266								
			2 H/	AZARDS	IDENT	IFIC	ΔΤΙ)N					
2.1	Hazard Identification:	Prepared in	accordance wit						ded to com	nly with	OSH	Δ 20 C	FR 1910 1200
			HMIS and Austr						aca to com	pry with	0011	A 25 0	110.1200.
		DANGER!	MAY CAUSE C	ANCER. MA	Y CAUSE	DAMA	AGE T	O ORG					
			EXPOSURE. (N. MAY	CAUSE RI	ESPIRA1	(NOT	/ IRRIT	ATION.
2.2	Label Elements:		<u>n: Carc. 1A; STC</u>								1100/	- 1	
2.2	Label Elements.		ements (H): H3 respiratory irrit										
		repeated exp		ation. 11572 –	Causes u	amaye	to org	jans (iui	ilgs) tillougi	ii prolorig	jeu o	'	
		Precautional	ry Statements (F										•
not breathe dust/fume. P264 – Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm water													
			ifter handling. I										
		Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P304+P340 – IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water											
			ninutes. Remove										
			concerned, ge										
			 If eye irritation 								spose	Э	
2.3	Other Warnings:		and container to										
2.5	Other Warnings.		Electric shock sustain a weldi										
			a localized, con										
			wire and rod ele										
			health hazards										
			ourns to the han										
			n from an electri enerated during										
			aring. See also										
			the American V										
	WARNING! This product can expose you to chemicals including <u>Hexavalent Chromium</u> , and <u>Nickel</u> , which known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. For more information, go												
							rmation, go to						
		www	v.P65Warnings.c	a.gov.									
		2 C	OMPOSIT	IONI O INI	CDEDI	ENIT	INIE	ODM	ATION				
		ა. ს	OWIFUSI I	IVIN & IN	GKEDI		IINI		EXPOSURE L	IMITS IN A	ID /	n/m ³ \	
						AC	GIH		NOHSC		OSHA	<i>j</i> /111)	
						pp	om		ppm		ppm]
CHEMI	CAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	ES- TWA	ES- ES- STEL PEAK	PEL S	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
	OAL MANIL(O)	7439-89-6	NO4565500	231-096-4	32-43	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF NF		NA	NA	0.5 - NIOSH
RON										/ 1	-		
		7440-02-0	QR5950000	231-111-4	15-36	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF NF	(5.0)	NA	NA	

CAS No. RTECS No. EINECS No. STLV STEL TWA STEL PEAK PEL STEL IDLH OTHER NOTHER NOTHER NOTHER STEL PEAK PEL STEL IDLH OTHER NOTHER									EXPO	SURE L	IMITS IN	I AIR (m	g/m³)	
CAS NO. RTECS NO. BINECS NO. % TLV STEL TWA STEL PEAK PEL STEL IDLH OTHER 1RON 7439-89-6 NO4565500 231-096-4 32-43 (5.0) NA NF NF NF (10.0) NA NA 0.5 - NIOSH NICKEL 7440-02-0 QR5950000 231-111-4 15-36 (5.0) NA NF NF NF NF (5.0) NA						AC	GIH		NOHSC			OSHA	١	
CAS No. RTECS No. EINECS No. STEL STEL TWA STEL PEAK P						pp	m		ppm			ppm		
THANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	0.1.5.1.0.1.1.1.1.5.(0)		DTT00 11	========	۰,			_						071150
NICKEL 7440-02-0	CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RIECS No.	EINECS No.	%	ILV	SIEL						IDLH	OTHER
NICKEL 7440-02-0 QR5950000 QR5950000 Z31-111-4 15-36 (5.0) NA NF NF NF NF (5.0) NA NA NA Carc. 2; STOT RE 1; Skin Sens. 1; Aquatic Chronic 3; H351, H372**, H317, H412 THANIUM PRICE MOLYBDENUM 7440-47-3 GB4200000 Z31-157-5 Z31-157-5	IPON	7439-89-6	NO4565500	231-096-4	32-43	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	0.5 - NIOSH
Carc. 2; STOT RE 1; Skin Sens. 1; Aquatic Chronic 3; H351, H372**, H317, H412 CHROMIUM # TITANIUM DIOXIDE T1440-47-3 GB4200000 13463-67-7 Carc. 2; H351 MOLYBDENUM T439-98-7 QA4680000 13468	IIIOII													
CARC 2; STOT RE 1; Skin Sens. 1; Aquatic Chronic 3; H351, H372**, H317, H412 7440-47-3	NICKEL	7440-02-0	QR5950000	231-111-4	15-36	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(5.0)	NA	NA	
CHROMIUM # TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	NICKEL	Carc. 2; STOT RE 1; Skin Sens. 1; Aquatic Chronic 3; H351, H372**, H317, H412												
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	CUDOMIUM #	7440-47-3	GB4200000	231-157-5	14-21	(0.5)	NA	(0.5)	NF	NF	(1.0)	NA	25	
Carc. 2; H351 MOLYBDENUM 7439-98-7	CHROMIUM #													
Carc. 2; H351 MOLYBDENUM 7439-98-7	TITANII IM DIOVIDE	13463-67-7	XR2275000	236-675-5	1-7.5	(10)	NA	(10)	NF	NF	(15)	NA	NA	TOTAL DUST
COPPER 7789-75-5 EW1760000 231-188-7 0-5 NA NA NA NF NF NA	TTANIOW DIOXIDE	Carc. 2; H351												
COPPER 7440-50-8 GL5325000 231-159-6 3-4 (1.0)** NA (1.0) NF NF (1.0) NA NA (0.2) FUME 7789-75-5 EW1760000 232-188-7 0-5 NA NA NF NF NF NA	MOLVEDENLIM	7439-98-7	QA4680000	231-107-2	2-5	(10.0)	NA	(10.0)	NF	NF	(15.0)	NA	(5000)	
CALCIUM FLUORIDE 7789-75-5 EW1760000 232-188-7 0-5 NA NA NF NF NF NA NA NA NA	MOLYBDENOM													
CALCIUM ELUORIDE 7789-75-5 EW1760000 232-188-7 0-5 NA NA NF NF NF NA NA NA NA	CORDER	7440-50-8	GL5325000	231-159-6	3-4	(1.0)**	NA	(1.0)	NF	NF	(1.0)	NA	NA	(0.2) FUME
CALCIUM EL UORIDE	COPPER				•	•					•	•	•	•
Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3; H315, H319	CALCIUM FLUORIDE	7789-75-5	EW1760000	232-188-7	0-5	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
	CALCION FLOORIDE	Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Ir	rit. 2; STOT SE 3	; H315, H319	•	•						•	•	



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					EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/m³)								
					AC	ACGIH		NOHSC			OSHA		
					ppm		ppm			pj			
CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	ES- TWA	ES- STEL	ES- PEAK	PEL	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
MANGANESE	7439-96-5	OO9275000	231-105-1	1-2.5	(0.2)	(3)	(10.0)	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	
WANGANEGE													
ALUMINUM OXIDE	11092-32-3	NA	215-691-6	0-2	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
ALOWING WIDE													
IRON OXIDE	1332-37-2	NO7380000	215-570-8	0-2	15	NA	NF	NF	NF	10	NA	NA	FUME
RON OXIDE													
SILICON DIOXIDE	7631-86-9	VV7310000	231-545-4	0-2	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	20	NA	3000	
SILICON DIOXIDE	Eye Irrit. 2A; S	TOT SE 3; H319, H	1335										
ZIDOONII IM OVIDE	1314-23-4		215-227-2	0-2	(5)	NA	(5)	NF	NF	(5)	NA	NA	
ZIRCONIUM OXIDE	Skin Irrit,. 2; Ey	e Irrit. 2A; STOT S	SE 3; H315, H31	9, H335									
	12030-97-6	NA	234-748-6	0-2	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
POTASSIUM TITANATE													
UODU M	7440-03-1	QT9900000	231-113-5	0-1	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(5.0)	NA	NA	
NOBIUM													
W 100N	7440-21-3	VW0400000	231-130-8	0.1-1	(10.0)	NA	(10.0)	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA	
BILICON		•	•	•	/	•			•				•
	7440-32-6	XR1700000	231-142-3	0.1-1	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
TITANIUM			•	•	•	•			•	•			•

The exposure limit for welding fume has been established at 5 mg/m3 with OSHA's PEL and ACGIH's TLV. The individual complex compounds within the fume may have lower exposure limits than the general welding fume PEL/TLV. An Industrial Hygienist, the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), and the ACGIH Threshold Limit Values should be consulted to determine the specific fume constituents present and their respective exposure limits.

First Aid:	Eyes:	4. FIRST AID MEASURES Flush eyes thoroughly with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelid(s) open to
First Aid:	Eyes:	Flush even theroughly with conicus amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding evalid(a) open to
		ensure complete flushing. If irritation persists, seek immediate medical attention.
	Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. If irritation persists, seek prompt medical attention. Do not wear contaminated clothing until after it has been properly cleaned.
	Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air at once. If breathing is difficult, administer supplemental oxygen and seek immediate medical attention. If breathing stops, perform artificial respiration.
	Ingestion:	Ingestion is unlikely; however, particulates from grinding or cutting may be ingested. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Contact ChemTrec at +1 (703) 527-3887 or the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency telephone number for assistance and instructions. Seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration.
Effects of Exposure:	Ingestion:	Gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and/or vomiting.
		Mild to moderate irritant. Redness, irritation, rash at site of exposure. Chromium dust on skin can form ulcers.
	Inhalation:	Inhalation of chromium and chromates, in fumes, can cause a metallic taste, tightness in the chest, nausea, fever, fatigue and allergic reaction. Fumes may cause irritation to nasal membranes, bronchial tubes and lungs.
Symptoms of Overexposure:	Ingestion:	Intestinal discomfort, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.
	Eyes:	Mild irritation, redness, and watering.
	Skin:	Contact dermatitis, characterized by localized red or puffy dry skin and itching.
	Inhalation:	Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, metal fume fever, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain.
Acute Health Effects:	Ingestion:	Gastrointestinal irritation and central nervous system depression.
		Mild to moderate irritant.
		Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localized redness or rash).
	Inhalation:	Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, metal fume fever, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain. Overexposure to metals oxide may cause metal fume fever characterized by metallic taste, tightness of chest and fever. Symptoms may last 24-48 hours following overexposure.
Chronic Health Effects:	Ingestion: Eyes:	Ingestion or inhalation of fluorides may cause serious bone erosion (osteoporosis) and mottling of teeth. None reported by the manufacturer.
	Skin:	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localized redness or rash).
	Inhalation:	Long term exposure to welding and allied processes gases, dusts and fumes may contribute to pulmonary irritation or pneumoconiosis or "siderosis." Inhalation of fume with chromium (VI) compounds can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, lung damage and asthma-like symptoms. Long-term overexposure to manganese compounds may affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may be similar to Parkinson's Disease and can include slowness, changes in handwriting, gait impairment, muscle spasms and cramps and less commonly, tremor and behavioral changes. Employees who are overexposed to manganese
	Symptoms of Overexposure: Acute Health Effects:	Effects of Exposure: Ingestion: Ingestion: Eyes: Skin: Inhalation: Symptoms of Overexposure: Ingestion: Eyes: Skin: Inhalation: Acute Health Effects: Ingestion: Eyes: Skin: Inhalation: Chronic Health Effects: Ingestion: Eyes: Skin: Inhalation:

compounds should be seen by a physician for early detection of neurologic problems.



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		4. FIRST A	AID MI	<u> -ASU</u>	KES –	cont'	<u>d</u>					
4.6	Target Organs:	Eyes, Skin & Respiratory System										
4.7	Medical Conditions	Individuals with allergies or impa					HEALT	Н				1
	Aggravated by Exposure:	symptoms worsened by exposure					FLAMM	ARII IT	/			0
		reaction cannot be predicted due			n the comp	position						_
		and in the quantity of the decomp	osition pr	oducts.			PHYSIC					0
							PROTE	CTIVE E	QUIPN	IENT		Е
							EYES	SKI	N I	LUNG	S	
		5. FIRE	FIGHT	ING N	IEASU	RES						
5.1	Fire & Explosion Hazards:	This product is not flammable.										
5.2	Extinguishing Methods:	Water, CO ₂ , Halon or Dry Chemic	al									
5.3	Firefighting Procedures:	equivalent self-contained breathi fought from a safe distance. Ke	Fight fires as for surrounding materials. Firefighters should wear a MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep containers cool until well after the fire is out. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural									
		6. ACCIDEN	TAL D		SE ME	ACIII	DEC					
6.1	Spills:									.91 .1		
		Spilled product may produce a slip hazard. Before cleaning any spill, individuals involved in spill cleanup must we appropriate Personal Protective Equipment including gloves, glasses and NIOSH approved (or equivalent) du respirator. Carefully vacuum or sweep up the spilled powder, particulate or slag. Dispose of properly in accordance w local, state, provincial and federal regulations. Wash all affected areas. Remove any contaminated clothing and wa thoroughly before reuse.						:) du ce wi				
		7. HANDLING	& STO	DRAG	E INFO	ORMA	TION					
'.1	Work & Hygiene Practices:	Avoid contact to eyes, skin, and mucous membranes. Avoid inhalation of vapors, gases, fumes and dusts. Wasl thoroughly after handling and use. Do not smoke, eat, drink, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics within the working area. Do not store or bring tobacco products, gum, food, drinks or cosmetics within the working area. Otherwise follows										
7.2	Storage & Handling:	No unusual methods are required a sheltered warm area with tempe Static charge may occur during p	the standards of good industrial hygiene practices. No unusual methods are required. Keep product contained and retain all warning and identity labels. Preferred storage is a sheltered warm area with temperature and humidity control to prevent high humidity and "going through the dew point." Static charge may occur during powder transfer. Keep away from incompatible materials listed in Section 10. Open containers slowly on a stable surface. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.									
7.3	Special Precautions:	Read and understand the manu National Standard Z-49.1, "Safe Society, P. O. Box 351040, Miam Office, Superintendent of Docume and explosion control, exposure of	ıfacturer's ty in We ni, FL 331 ents, P.O	instructeding, C 135 and . Box 37	ions and utting and OSHA Put 1954, Pitts	the pred Allied Folication sburgh, F	cautionary Processes 2206 (29 (label on ," publish C.F.R. 19	ed by t 10), U.S	he Ame 5. Gover	erican W nment P	/eldir Printir
		8. EXPOSURE CONT	ROLS	& PE	RSON	AL PI	ROTEC	TION				
1	Exposure Limits:		AC	GIH		NOHSC			OSHA		OTHER	
	ppm (mg/m³)	CHEMICAL NAME(S)	T1.14	0751	ES-TWA	ES-	ES-	DEL	0751	IDI II		
		NICKEL	(5.0)	STEL NA	NF	STEL NF	PEAK NF	(5.0)	STEL NA	IDLH NA		
		IRON	(5.0)	NA NA	NF NF	NF NF	NF NF	(10.0)	NA NA	NA	0.5 - NI	OSH
		CHROMIUM #	(0.5)	NA	(0.5)	NF	NF	(1.0)	NA	25	0.0 - IVI	2011
		TITANIUM DIOXIDE	(10)	NA	(10)	NF	NF	(1.5)	NA	NA	TOTAL	DUS
		COPPER	(1.0)**	NA	(1.0)	NF	NF	(1.0)	NA	NA	(0.2) FL	
		MOLYBDENUM	(10.0)	NA	(10.0)	NF	NF	(15.0)	NA	(5000)	1	
		MANGANESE	(0.2)	(3)	(10.0)	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA		
		SILICON DIOXIDE	15	NA	NF	NF	NF	10	NA	NA	FUME	
		ZIRCONIUM OXIDE	(5)	NA	(5)	NF	NF	(5)	NA	NA		
		NIOBIUM	(5.0)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(5.0)	NA	NA		
		SILICON	(10.0)	NA	(10.0)	NF	NF	(10.0)	NA	NA		
3.2	Ventilation & Engineering Controls:	Use industrial hygiene monitoring adequate ventilation (e.g., open equipment is available (e.g., sink large quantities of product and prod	doors an , safety s	d windo	ws, local e ye-wash s	exhaust v station).	ventilation) Use in a). Ensur chemical	e approp fume ho	oriate de	econtami	inatio



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		EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION – cont'd	•
8.3	Respiratory Protection:	CAUTION: Welding or cutting may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. Use adequate ventilation. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. See ANSI Z49.1-1967 Safety in Welding and Cutting published by the American Welding Society. Keep the exposure within legal limits. In the worker's breathing zone and the general area, the fumes and gases must be kept below the TLVs and the equivalent exposure must compute to less than one. Keep exposure as low as possible. Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when welding in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below the TLV. Where respiratory protection is necessary, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be used. The selection of the appropriate respiratory protection (dust respirator, etc.) should be based on the actual or potential airborne contaminants and their concentrations present.	
8.4	Eye Protection:	Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens according to ANSI Z87.1. Provide protective screens and flash goggles, if necessary, to shield others. Wear safety glasses with UV protective side shields or goggles. Wear contact lenses in combination with safety eyewear, except where the contact lenses create a likelihood of injury from intense heat, highly particulate atmosphere, or where their use is prohibited.	
8.5	Hand Protection:	Wear head, hand and body protection that help to prevent injury from hot metal, sparks, slag, infrared radiation, UV radiation, abrasions, contusions and heat stress. Protective clothing will not generally prevent shock except for leather if kept dry. Gloves made of leather with inside seams (or those that give equal performance) are preferred.	
8.6	Body Protection:	Wear head, hand and body protection that help to prevent injury from radiation, sparks and electrical shock. Wear flame resistant ear plugs to keep sparks out of ears. See ANSI Z-49.1. The clothing may include heat/fire resistant gloves, overalls, aprons, sleeves, footwear, welder's spats and head cover. Wear garments made of leather, heavyweight tightly woven wool or cotton. Keep clothing clean (free of oil, grease or solvents) and in good repair. Do not wear clothing with frayed edges, tears or holes. Do not roll up sleeves or trousers (pants should not be cuffed).	
		9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	
9.1	Appearance:	Solid wire, silver-grey color	
9.2	Odor:	Odorless	
IJ.∠		Caches	
9.3	Odor Threshold:	NA NA	
9.3 9.4	pH:		
9.3 9.4 9.5	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA NA	
9.3 9.4 9.5	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling	NA NA	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA NA NA	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability	NA NA NA NA NA	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint:	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits:	NA NA NA NA NA	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure:	NA	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density:	NA	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density:	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility:	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature:	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature:	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature:	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.13 9.14 9.15	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity:	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity:	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.17	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity: Other Information:	NA N	
9.2 9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16 9.17	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity: Other Information: Stability: Hazardous Decomposition	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.17 10.1	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity: Other Information:	NA N	
9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16 9.17	pH: Melting Point/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Flashpoint: Upper/Lower Flammability Limits: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Relative Density: Solubility: Partition Coefficient (log Pow): Autoignition Temperature: Decomposition Temperature: Viscosity: Other Information: Stability: Hazardous Decomposition Products:	NA N	



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		11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
11.1	Routes of Entry:	Inhalation: YES Absorption: YES Ingestion: NO
11.1	Routes of Entry: Toxicity Data:	Toxicity information for particulates (fumes) generated from constituents of this product during welding is provided in this section. This SDS does not provide toxicity information for welding fumes and gases that may originate from sources other than this product (for example from base metal, coatings on base metal, fluxes, and other hazardous substances present in welding area). General Nuisance Dusts: Many of the metal oxides generated as components of welding fume, are considered nuisance dusts (such as oxides of titanium and aluminum), which are essentially nontoxic and chemically nonirritating. Skin contact has shown no problems other than possible drying and mechanical irritation. Excessive inhalation can produce mild pulmonary irritation and possible non-disabling slight fibrosis of the lungs. Chromium & Chromium Compounds: Where chromium is present in the welding consumable, Chromium III and Chromium VI (hexavalent chromium) may be generated during welding. Short term overexposure to chromium VI can cause irritation of the respiratory system, lung damage and asthma type symptoms. Workers exposed to hexavalent chromium compounds have an excess of lung cancer, and these compounds are required to be listed as carcinogens by OSHA. Absorption through the skin can cause organ system damage, primarily affecting the kidneys and liver. (#) Chromium and its compounds are listed in the current annual report on carcinogens (prepared by the National Toxicology Program). Their presence in this alloy is not believed to present a carcinogenic or any other health hazard due to their relatively low concentration and chemical form. Iron & Iron Compounds: Overexposure to fumes of iron may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Long term overexposure may result in a benign condition of the lung, called "arc welders lung," or "siderosis," characterized by iron deposits in the lung, or "pigmentation," that is detectible by x-ray, but which generally does not interfere with lung function, and does not progress to perm
		that may include behavioral changes, impairment of muscle function, and sexual dysfunction. In severe cases, irreversible CNS effects may result, with a host of symptoms that mimic Parkinson's disease or muscular dystrophy. Molybdenum: Overexposure to oxides of molybdenum may affect the body if they are inhaled, ingested or if they contact the eyes. Effects could include irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat, weight loss, and digestive disturbances. Long term effects are not known, but may be associated with muscle and joint aches, headache. Niobium: Short term exposure may result in eye and skin irritation, as well as irritation to the respiratory tract. Long term exposure may result in kidney damage and moderate fibrosis of the lungs. Silicon & Silicon Oxides: (Amorphous Silica) Short term overexposure may be a possible eye irritant. Repeated
		inhalation of amorphous silica can cause pneumoconiosis or non-disabling fibrosis of the lung. <u>Titanium</u> : Oxides of titanium are considered to have minimal toxicity, as a nuisance dust. Exposure may cause mild irritation of the respiratory system and eyes.
11.3	Acute Toxicity:	See Section 4.4
11.4	Chronic Toxicity:	See Section 4.5
11.5	Suspected Carcinogen:	Nickel is listed as IARC Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans); NTP15 Group 1 (Known human carcinogen); CA65 (cancer). Titanium Dioxide is listed as IARC Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans). Chromium in the form of "hexavalent chromium," is considered a human carcinogen, and thus a mutagen as well. While this product does not contain hexavalent chromium, it is well known that the chromium in this product is converted to various chemical forms during the welding process, including hexavalent chromium. Therefore, use of this product in normal welding operations must be considered to represent a cancer hazard. Other constituents of this product are not considered carcinogens of mutagens. WARNING! This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexavalent Chromium, and Nickel, which are
44.0	December 7	known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
11.6	Reproductive Toxicity:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.
	Mutagenicity:	Chromium in the form of "hexavalent chromium," is believed to produce mutagenic effects in humans.
	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.
	Teratogenicity:	This product is not reported to produce teratogenic effects in humans.
	Reproductive Toxicity:	Manganese compounds may be associated with reproductive system effects.
11.7	Irritancy of Product:	See Section 4.2
11.8	Biological Exposure Indices:	Consult Occupational Physician for the availability and appropriateness of biological exposure indices (e.g., blood tests urine tests, etc.).
11.9	Physician Recommendations:	Treat symptomatically.



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SDS-0320 Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, GHS & EU Standards SDS Revision Date: 10/21/2024 SDS Revision: 3.2 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION There are no specific data available for this product. 12.1 Environmental Stability: 12 2 Effects on Plants & Animals: There are no specific data available for this product. 12.3 Effects on Aquatic Life: There are no specific data available for this product. 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial or local regulations. 13.1 Special Considerations: 13.2 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION The basic description (ID Number, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional descriptive information may be required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR. 14.1 49 CFR (GND): NOT REGULATED IATA (AIR): NOT REGULATED 14.3 IMDG (OCN): NOT REGULATED TDGR (Canadian GND): 14.4 NOT REGULATED 14.5 ADR/RID (EU): **NOT REGULATED** SCT (MEXICO): 14.6 **NOT REGULATED** 14.7 ADGR (AUS): **NOT REGULATED** 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION The following chemicals are listed on the SARA Title III (EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemical List): Chromium, Manganese, 15.1 SARA Reporting Requirements: SARA TPQ: 15.2 There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for the components of this product. TSCA Inventory Status: 15.3 All chemical substances of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory or are otherwise exempt from inventory status. 15.4 CERCLA Reportable Quantity: Chromium: 2,270 kg (5,000 lbs); Nickel: 45.4 kg (100 lbs) Manganese (and its compounds), Chromium (and its compounds), and Nickel (and its compounds) are listed as 15.5 Other Federal Requirements: Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs). Manganese (and its compounds), Chromium (and its compounds), and Nickel (and its compounds) are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the Clean Water Act (CWA). Chromium, Copper and Nickel are listed as Priority Pollutants under the Clean Water Act (CWA). This product does not contain any Class 1 or Class 2 ozone depletors. 15.6 Other Canadian Regulations: This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. The following chemicals are listed on the Ingredient Disclosure List: Chromium, Manganese, Nickel and Molybdenum. 15.7 State Regulatory Information: Chromium is found on the following state criteria lists: Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), and Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA). Titanium Dioxide is found on the following state criteria lists: MA, NJ, and PA. Niobium is found on the following state criteria lists: MA, MN, PA, and WA. Manganese is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, and WA. Silicon is found on the following state criteria lists: MA, MN, PA, and WA. Silicon Dioxide is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, and PA. Zirconium Oxide is found on the following state criteria lists: MA, NJ, and PA. Tungsten is listed on the following state criteria list: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA and WA. Magnesium Oxide is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, PA and WA. Nickel is

listed on the following state criteria lists: fl, MA, MI, MN, NJ, PA, and WA.

15.8

Other Requirements:

Substances List (WI).

the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. WARNING! This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexavalent Chromium, and Nickel, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

No other ingredients in this product, present in a concentration of 1.0% or greater, are listed on any of the following state criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA65), Delaware Air Quality Management List (DE), Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA), Wisconsin Hazardous

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexavalent Chromium and Nickel, which are known to



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		16. OTHER INFORMATION
16.1	Other Information:	DANGER! MAY CAUSE CANCER. MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ORGANS (LUNGS) THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION. Obtain, read and follow instructions before use. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm water thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice. Get medical help if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical help. Store locked up. NOTE: Local ventilation should be used during handling and use. Good housekeeping and personal hygiene are recommended. Some individuals may show sensitivity to exposure. Failure to observe proper practices may be hazardous to health. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Harmful by inhalation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. Avoid overexposure to metal fumes, powders and particulates. WARNING: Electric shock from welding equipment or electrodes may be fatal. The welding process uses electrical circuits that sustain a welding arc between the electrode and the base plate. The welding process uses electrical energy into a localized, concentrated heat source. The tremendously high temperatures of the arc cause the welding continuous wire and rod electrode (or filler metal, when used as such) to decompose. Electric arc working may create one or more health hazards. Hot metal spatter and heat from electric arcs, welding flames or the thermal spray process may cause burns to the hands and bo
16.2	Terms & Definitions:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.
16.3	Disclaimer:	This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Cor-Met's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness is not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.
16.4	Prepared for:	Cor-Met, Inc. 12500 Grand River Road Brighton, MI 48116 USA Tel: +1 (810) 227-3251 Fax: +1 (810) 227-9266 http://www.cor-met.com/ E-mail: sales@cor-met.com
16.5	Prepared by:	ShipMate, Inc. P.O. Box 787 Sisters, Oregon 97759-0787 USA Tel: +1 (310) 370-3600 Fax: +1 (310) 370-5700 https://shipmate.com



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DEFINITION OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

GENERAL INFORMATION:

CAS No.	Chemical Abstract Service Number
RTECS No.	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances Number
EINECS No.	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances Number

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:

ACGIH	American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
NOHSC	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (Australia)
OSHA	U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average

FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has
	stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood
	and provide oxygen to the body.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: HMIS

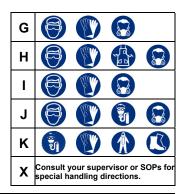
HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard
1	Slight Hazard
2	Moderate Hazard
3	Severe Hazard
4	Extreme Hazard



PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:

Α			
В	(Ell)		
С	(Eller)		
D	(Eller)	The state of the s	
Е	(Ell)		
F	(EV)	HA.	





OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

Carc	Carcinogenic		
Irrit	Irritant		
NA	Not Available		
NR	No Results		
ND	Not Determined		
NE	NE Not Established		
NF	Not Found		
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus		
Sens	ens Sensitization		
STOT RE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeat Exposure		
STOT SE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure		
5101 SE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure		

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:				
Autoignition Temperature Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition				
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source			
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source			

HAZARD RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard	FLAMMABILITY		
1	Slight Hazard	\		
2	Moderate Hazard	REACTIVITY		
3	Severe Hazard			
4	Extreme Hazard			
ACD	Acidic			
ALK	Alkaline			
COR	Corrosive	─ / ₹₩ >		
W	Use No Water	HEALTH 🔪		
ОХ	Oxidizer	SPECIAL		
TREFOIL	Radioactive	PRECAUTIONS		

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals			
LC ₅₀	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animal			
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts			
TDio	Lowest dose to cause a symptom			
TCLo	Lowest concentration to cause a symptom			
TD _{io} , LD _{io} , & LD _o or	Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects			
TC, TCo, LCio, & LCo				
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer			
NTP	National Toxicology Program			
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances			
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor			
TLm	Median threshold limit			
log Kow or log Koc	Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution			

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System		
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation		
TC	Transport Canada		
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		
DSL	Canadian Domestic Substance List		
NDSL	Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List		
PSL	Canadian Priority Substances List		
TSCA	U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act		
EU	European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)		
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)		

CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:

(de)			\Diamond	THE STATE OF THE S				***
GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Health Hazard	Environment